Project title : SIMCA - Feasibility study of a modernized information system connected to the community “warrantage” network in Cameroon

Project place	Project cost	Role in the project	Technical and financial sponsors	Dates
Cameroon	9 400 €	Expertise / Analysis	IRAM, IFAD, PARM	September 2017 - December 2017

Project's goals and results

Main goals
Improve knowledge and management of agricultural risks in Cameroon

Specific objectives
Propose a five-year investment program for the implementation of an information system, based on new information and communication technologies (NICTs), aiming to improve the efficiency of community warrantage and to assess its feasibility

Beneficiaries
Producers' organizations, microfinance institutions, shop owners, state technical services

Results
R1. Develop an information system allowing better management of market risk by storage and warrantage stakeholders
R2. Promote the community “warrantage” mechanism, still underdeveloped in the country
See publication of the full report here:https://p4arm.org/document/feasibility-study-on-information-system-connected-to-community-warrantage-networks-in-cameroon/

Activities
This study of an information system connected to the warrantage network in Cameroon is part of the development of an action plan for agricultural risk management in Cameroon (the PARM process), whose roadmap was defined by MINADER and PA4RM in 2015.Following the results of the previous studies, PARM proposed to complete the analysis on risk management in Cameroon, while continuing the transversal (holistic) approach with a study aiming to make the warrantage system better connected to the market and to national strategies (food reserves management in case of crises), through the establishment of a comprehensive information system